

Rule 1 – Court and Equipment

1. Is the frontcourt the same size as the backcourt?
2. May B-1 wear a yellow rubber wristband on her ankle, representing a charity.
3. May a player wear a barrette, earrings or a rope wrist bracelet, as long as it is covered with tape?
4. During warm ups, the official notices that B-3 is wearing a dark blue jersey with a white t-shirt under the jersey. May B-3 wear the t-shirt since it is cold in the gym?
5. May A-1 wear a knee brace with exposed hard plastic?
6. Substitute A-7 enters the playing court wearing jewelry. The official charges A-7 with a technical foul and permits her to remain in the game.
7. Player B-4 is found to be wearing a bandage over her ear lobe. What is the correct procedure for the officials to follow?
8. Substitute B-6 reports to the scorer's table wearing compression tights that extend to her ankles. These garments are illegal and she may not enter the game dressed like that.
9. The coaching box extends from the end line, to 28 feet from the end line, and from the sideline to the back of the team bench.
10. Are player numbers 02, 03 and 04 legal?
11. On the same team, may one player wear number 0 and a different player wear number 00?
12. A-5 changes her number at halftime due to a bloodstain on it. The coach reports the change to the official scorer and the game officials. The official shall charge Team A with a technical foul if A-5 enters the game.
13. Team A is wearing white uniforms. Can A-1 wear a blue headband and A-2 wear a red wristband/
14. May the visitors choose which basket to shoot at to start the game?
15. The basket must be orange in color and may consist of one or two metal rings.
16. A1 misses her free throw attempt, while B3, in a marked lane space, has both feet 3 feet away from the free throw lane line. Should B3 be penalized for a lane violation?

Rule 2 – Officials and their Duties

1. **A-1 drives the lane when the trail official (who is the umpire) calls a foul. The lead official (who is the referee) may overrule the trail's call if he knows it was incorrect.**
2. **A-3 releases the ball on a try. The ball does not strike the ring or flange and is loose on the floor when A-1 and B-1 gain simultaneous possession and a held ball is called. The possession arrow favors Team A and there are 15 seconds remaining on the shot clock. The official shall award the ball to Team A and orders that the shot clock be reset to 30 seconds.**
3. **May either official judge of the legality of the ball?**
4. **The first of two free throws by A-1 is successful. Following this first free throw, B-1 takes the ball out-of-bounds and passes it to B-2, who subsequently scores in B's basket. The failure to award a merited free throw error is then recognized. The proper procedure is for the official to count the goal by B-2. Award A-1 her merited free throw with no players along the lane and resume play with a throw-in by Team A along the end line as after B-2's score.**
5. **With the alternating-possession arrow favoring Team A and 10 seconds remaining on the shot clock, A-1's try for goal lodges between the backboard and the basket support:**
 - a. **Award Team A the possession for a throw-in and the shot clock will remain at 10 seconds**
 - b. **Award Team A the possession for a throw-in and the shot clock will be reset to 30 seconds**
 - c. **Award Team A the possession for a throw-in and the shot clock will be set to 15 seconds**
 - d. **Award Team B the ball because Team A violated**
6. **The timer shall:**
 - a. **At the end of the 1st and 3rd quarters, set the clock for 1-minute. Then sound the warning horn with 15 seconds remaining. Then sound the final horn at the end of the 1-minute**
 - b. **At the end of the 2nd quarter, set the clock for 10 minutes. Then sound the warning horn with 15 seconds remaining. Then the final horn at the end of the 10 minutes**
 - c. **At the end of the 4th quarter and the score is tied; the timer shall put 1 minute on the clock and sound the warning horn with 15 seconds left and the final horn at the end of the 1 minute**
 - d. **All of the above**
7. **During A-1's interrupted dribble, a double personal foul is committed. Team B has the arrow. After reporting the fouls to the scorer:**
 - a. **Use the alternating-possession procedure to resume play**
 - b. **Award the ball to Team A and reset the shot clock**
 - c. **Award the ball to Team A with no reset of the shot clock**
 - d. **Award the ball to Team B with a reset of the shot clock**
8. **As A-5 dribbles toward the basket, B-3 sticks out her foot and kicks the ball out-of-bounds with 11 seconds remaining on the shot clock. The official calls a kicking violation and awards Team A the ball out-of-bounds. Should the clock operator reset the shot clock to 30 seconds?**

9. B-1 fouls A-1. Team A is in the bonus, but the officials erroneously awards the ball to Team A for a throw-in. A-1's throw-in is intercepted by B-1 who scores a goal. A-1 then asks for a timeout. At this point is it correctible?
10. While Team A is in team control, B-1 deflects the ball out of bounds with two seconds on the shot clock. A-1's throw-in is caught simultaneously by A-2 and B-2, causing a held ball. The possession arrow favors Team A.
 - a. The ball is awarded to Team A with the unexpired time remaining on the shot clock
 - b. The ball is awarded to Team A with a full reset of the shot clock
 - c. The ball is awarded to Team A with 15-seconds put on the shot clock
 - d. Shot clock violation by Team A
11. A-1 passed the ball to A-2 in the frontcourt. The pass is deflected by B-1 and strikes the ring. The ball is recovered by A-3. Should the shot clock operator reset the shot clock
12. Prior to the game, the game timer informs the referee that the same person will operate the game clock and the shot clock. Is this ok?
13. A-4 commits her fifth personal foul, however the scorer does not notify the officials. Play continues for over one minute and points are scored during this time. At the next dead ball, the error is noticed and officials are notified. The officials shall:
 - a. Remove the disqualified player and nullify the baskets scored
 - b. Remove the disqualified player and all points shall be allowed
14. Before the bonus rule is in effect, B-1 fouls A-1. The officials award A-1 the two shot bonus. A-1 misses the first attempt and B-1 grabs the rebound. The clock starts, and at this point, the officials realize they made a mistake. Is this correctible?
15. A double personal foul occurs in the lane while A-1's unsuccessful try is in flight. The try does not hit the rim.
 - a. Award the ball to Team A with the unexpired time on the shot clock
 - b. Award the ball to the team entitled to the alternating-possession arrow with a reset of the shot clock
 - c. Award the ball to the team entitled to the alternating-possession arrow. If the arrow favors Team A the shot clock remains with the unexpired time
 - d. Award the ball to Team B with a new 30-second shot clock
16. Should the shot clock be reset as soon as the ball hits the ring on a try for goal?

Rule 3 – Players and Substitutes

1. Once the coach is beckoned onto the court to attend to an injured player, what are the coaches options regarding that player?
2. After the 10-minute mark on the game clock before the start of the game, a team shall be charged a maximum of one administrative technical foul for changes made to the scorebook for the remainder of the game.
3. Eight minutes prior to the start of the game, the coach from Team A makes a change in her starting line-up. The official assesses a technical foul to Team A and awards Team B two free throws. The game will then begin with a jump ball at the center circle.
4. A-1 scores with 57 seconds remaining in the 4th quarter. The official notices that the timer did not properly stop the clock. He blows the whistle and instructs the timer to reset the game clock to 57 seconds. Substitute A-6 was at the table waiting to enter the game prior to the official's whistle. Shall the official allow A-6 to enter the game?
5. With 25 seconds left in the game, A-1 scores and the ball gets caught under the bleachers. The official blows the whistle. Can the substitutes that are at the table enter the game?
6. After the 3rd quarter intermission, the warning horn sounds. The assistant coach then informs the scorer of two substitutes. Should the official allow the substitutes to enter the game?
7. A-2 is in the act of shooting when she is fouled by B-1, and the shot is missed. B-1 then argues and is assessed a technical foul. After A-2 shoots her 1st free throw, the coach of Team B requests a substitute for B-1. The official grants her request and then administers the 2nd free throw to A-2 followed by the two free throws for the technical foul.
8. Can a team start the game with fewer than five players? \
9. During a timeout, substitutions shall not occur after the warning horn.
10. Following a time out, A5 enters the court without checking in with the table. After A2 is handed the ball for the throw in, the illegal entry is detected. Should a penalty be assessed at this point?
11. During the intermission following the 1st or 3rd periods, substitutes must report to the official scorer prior to the warning horn.

Rule 4 - Definitions

- 1. On any throw-in, A-1 catches the ball with one foot in the frontcourt and the second in the backcourt. Is this a backcourt violation?**
- 2. When establishing a legal guarding position on a player without the ball, time and distance are required to attain an initial legal guarding position.**
- 3. To establish an initial legal guarding position on the player with the ball, the defender must have at least one foot on the playing court, the defender must have at least one foot on the playing court.**
- 4. A-5 receives a pass from A-3, and then fumbles the ball. She runs a few steps to recover the ball. May she then start a dribble?**
- 5. While A-1 is dribbling the ball in the frontcourt, she bats the ball into the air over B-1's head. As long as A-1 allows the ball to strike the playing court, she can then resume her dribble.**
- 6. To start her dribble, A-1 throws the ball over her opponent's head, the ball touches the floor and she continues to dribble. The official rules this a legal play. Is the official correct?**
- 7. Is a Resumption of Play (ROP) warning reported to the official scorer?**
- 8. A player coming to a stop establishes a pivot foot. When the player lifts the pivot foot while in possession of the ball, it is a traveling violation.**
- 9. A-1 is dribbling the ball when she tries to end her dribble by catching the ball with two hands. She fumbles the ball and it rolls away from her. She runs 3 steps and recovers the ball. This is a legal play.**
- 10. A-1 is dribbling the ball when she stops and shoots the ball on a try for goal. The ball does not hit the rim, flange or backboard. A-1 following the shot catches the ball before it touches the playing court or any other player. The official allows play to continue.**
- 11. Team A takes a full time out and is read to resume play after 20 seconds. The timer properly sounds the warning horn followed by the final horn, but the coach of Team B insists that her team is entitled to the full time out. The officials shall assess a warning to the coach of Team B and report it to the official scorer.**

Rule 5 – Scoring and Timing Regulations

1. During an interrupted dribble, there shall be no player control and a timeout may not be granted.
2. At the end of the game, with the score tied, A-3 is assessed a technical foul after the period had ended. B-1 makes the 1st free throw. Shall the official rule that the 2nd free throw need not be attempted?
3. At the end of regulation, with the score tied 60-60, Team A has used all of its time outs. Prior to the toss to begin the overtime period the coach from Team A requests a time out. Shall the officials grant the request?
4. After the second half expires with the score tied, A-1 is charged with a flagrant technical foul. Team A then requests and is granted a timeout. After the timeout, B-1 attempts the first free throw. After the free throw Team B requests a timeout. Shall the official grant the request?
5. A-1 leaps into the air in an attempt to secure a rebound. She is unable to secure possession, so she taps the ball toward the basket. She then lands on B-2 and is called for a foul. The official calls this a player control foul and awards the ball to Team B. Is the official correct?
6. Team A requests a 7th time out. The official shall deny the request and assesses a technical foul.
7. Near the end of regulation, the game is tied and A-4 is fouled in the act of shooting. After the shot is released the horn sounds to end the game. The shot is missed and the official rules that the overtime period will begin with the two free throws. Is the official correct?
8. Each team gets four 60-second timeouts and two 30-second timeouts.
9. With the score tied near the end of regulation, shooter A-1 is fouled in the act of shooting but time expires before the release of the ball. A-1's try shall be disallowed since it was not released before time expired. Team A is not in the bonus. The game continues with an extra period(s).
10. A-2 receives a tip by A-1 on the jump ball to start an extra period. A-2 is confused and dribbles toward the wrong basket. A-2 attempts a 3-point try and is successful in the wrong basket.
 - a. Cancel the score by A-2, she was confused
 - b. Award Team B with 3 points, and allow Team A the ball out under the basket
 - c. Award Team B with 2 points, and allow Team A the ball out under the basket
11. Each overtime period shall be five minutes.
12. When is team B player allowed to call a timeout during A-1's free throw?
 - a. When the official is holding the ball
 - b. After the ball has been released by the official and A-1 has not yet caught the ball
 - c. After the ball is bounced to A-1, but A-1 fumbled the ball and it has rolled away from the player
 - d. All of the above
13. Near the end of the 4th quarter A-7 is fouled in the act of shooting and is injured. She is attended to on the floor and the coach of team A informs the official that he wishes to allow A-7 to remain in the game to shoot her free throws. Team A has only one 30 second time out remaining. The official allows A-7 to remain in the game and assesses Team A a technical foul for an excessive time out. Is the official correct?
14. On the jump to start an overtime period Team A gets the ball and scores. The officials realize that they lined up the teams going at the wrong baskets. The officials decide to start the overtime over again with the teams going in the right direction. Is the official correct?
15. A-1 is injured and the coach is beckoned onto the floor. After 25 seconds, the coach informs the official that A-1 is okay and will remain in the game. The official informs the coach that if A-1 remains in the game Team A will be assessed a 60 full time out. Is the official correct?
16. With 10 seconds remaining in the second period and Team A in possession of the ball, the assistant coach of Team A requests a time out. Shall the official grant the request?

17. A-4 requests time out while in the air holding the ball as her momentum is carrying her out of bounds. The official blows his whistle just prior to A-4 landing out of bounds.
- Is the time out granted? _____
 - Why is/isn't it granted? _____
 - How is play re-started? _____
18. A player's try for goal from behind the 3-point arc enters the basket. She land with both feet inside the arc. The official rules 2 points.
19. With 45.5 seconds remaining in the game, Team A scores. Team B calls a time out. Can Team B coach advance the ball?
20. A-5 is injured and the A Team trainer runs onto the court to check on her. After 2 minutes (without a time out being taken) the officials shall allow A-5 to continue playing since the coach was never beckoned, or entered the court.
21. A1 secures a defensive rebound with 46.9 seconds remaining in the fourth period. She fumbles the ball, takes 3 steps and then recovers the ball by holding it. Team A's head coach calls timeout. Can Team A coach advance the ball?

Rule 6 – Live Ball and Dead Ball

1. During the opening jump ball, jumper A-1 taps the ball to A-2, who taps it to A-3, who gains possession.
 - a. The game clock starts when: _____
 - b. The ball becomes alive when: _____
 - c. The shot clock start when: _____
 - d. When does the jump ball begin / end: _____
2. During an alternating-possession throw-in by A-1, A-3 fouls B-3 after the throw-in pass was touched by A-2. The official rules that the ball shall be awarded to Team B at the spot nearest A-3 foul and that the possession arrow should remain with Team A. Is the official correct?
3. At the end of the 1st overtime period, the score is still tied and the possession arrow favors Team B. Team B shall start the 2nd overtime period with an A/P throw-in.
4. During a free throw try by A-1, the try hits the ring, bounces straight up, and while descending, becomes lodged between the ring and the backboard. This shall be ruled an A/P situation.
5. A-4 has the ball at her disposal for a free throw when B-5 fouls A-6. The official shall rule that this is a technical foul because the clock is stopped.
6. The ball shall become dead when any goal is made.
7. During a jump ball, A-1 taps the ball, which strikes the referee. A-1 then catches the ball and passes it to A-2. The official shall rule this a legal play.
8. As B-1 steals the ball and begins a fast break, the Trail official notices that A-2 is on the floor and apparently injured. The Trail remains in the back court with A-2 and when B-1 releases the ball on her try, the Trail blows the whistle to stop play for the injured player. The shot is missed and the possession arrow favors Team A. After the injured player is attended to, the official shall award the ball to Team A based on the alternating possession arrow.
9. After the jumpers on the opening tap touch the ball, A-2 and B-2 tie up the ball. Since possession was never established, the official rules that the game will be restarted with a jump ball between the original two jumpers.
10. A live ball shall not become dead when a foul is committed by an opponent of a player who starts a try for goal before the foul occurs, provided that time does not expire before the ball is in flight.
11. During a throw-in, Thrower-in A-1 breaks the plane of the boundary line by extending the ball over the playing court. B-1 then grabs the ball and creates a held ball. The official shall call a technical foul on B-1 for touching the ball before it was released by A-1.
12. A-1, while in possession of the ball, begins her try. During A-1 try and before the ball is released, B-2 illegally pushes through A-2's screen to defend A-1 and is whistled for a foul. A-1 continues her try and the ball enters the basket. Team A is in the bonus:
 - a. The goal is cancelled and A-2 is awarded one free throw
 - b. The goal is scored and A-1 is awarded one free throw
 - c. The goal is scored and A-2 is awarded two free throws
 - d. The goal is cancelled and A-1 is awarded two free throws

13. A-1 is making an alternating possession throw-in, and A-1's pass is kicked by B-2. Which of the following are true?
- Ignore the kicked ball and play on
 - The possession arrow is set to team B
 - The possession arrow remains with team A
 - None of the above
14. A-1 has the ball for an alternate-possession throw-in and throws the ball to A-2 who has 1 foot on the floor out of bounds. The ball shall be awarded to team B and the possession arrow shall not be changed.
15. B-1 fouls A-2 as A-1 is in the act of shooting a field goal. A-1 continues her motion and scores. The official shall count the score and penalizes the foul by B-1.
16. During an alternating-possession throw-in by Team A, A-3 fouls B-3 after the throw-in pass was touched by A-2. The official rules that the ball shall be awarded to Team B at the spot nearest A-3 foul and that the possession arrow should remain with Team A. Is the official correct?
17. With five seconds remaining on the shot clock, A-1's try for goal lodges between the ring and the backboard. The possession arrow favors Team A.
- Ball awarded to Team A for an alternating-possession throw-in with a reset of the shot clock
 - Ball awarded to Team A for an alternating-possession throw-in with no reset of the shot clock
 - Violation on A-1. Ball awarded to Team B for a spot throw-in closest to where the violation occurred
 - Shot clock violation on Team A. Ball awarded to Team B for a spot throw-in closest to where the violation occurred
 - None of the above
18. During the initial jump ball, A-1 illegally catches the tossed ball. The official blows the whistle and awards the ball to B-1 at a designated spot nearest to where the violation occurred. Which of the following is true?
- The alternating-possession arrow is set for Team A when the ball is handed to B-2 for the throw-in.
 - The alternating-possession arrow is set for Team A when the throw-in ends.
 - The alternating-possession arrow is set for Team B when the ball is handed to B-2 for the throw-in.
 - The alternating-possession arrow is set for Team B when the throw-in ends
19. During a jump ball, A-2 and A-3 have adjacent positions around the center circle. B-2 wants one of those positions. The official shall not allow B-2 the position since A-2 and A-3 had them first.
20. A live ball shall not become dead until the try in flight ends when time expires for the period.
21. The shot clock shall be stopped and reset (during team control) when a defensive player causes a held ball and the alternate-possession arrow favors the offensive team.
22. The ball shall become dead when any goal is made.
23. A4 is holding the ball while defender B5 also has one hand firmly on the ball. The official shall not signal jump ball because the defender only has one hand on the ball.

Rule 7 – Out of Bounds and the Throw-In

1. Prior to the start of the 4th quarter, the coach of Team A is assessed a technical foul. The possession arrow favors Team B. B-2 attempts 2 free throws to begin the 4th quarter and possession is awarded to Team B for their throw-in. After the throw-in the official instructs the scorer to change the possession arrow.
2. B-4 has the ball just above the foul line, but within the circle. The shot clock horn sounds just before the ball is released by B-4. The official awards the ball to Team A on the end line, just outside the free throw lane.
3. B-2's throw-in goes directly out of bounds without being touched inbounds. The official shall award the ball to Team A at the spot of B-2's throw-in.
4. After A-1 scores a goal, Team A requests and is granted a time-out. After the time-out, the official mistakenly awards the ball to Team A. A-1 passes the ball to A-2 who scores a basket. The mistake is recognized before the ball is at the disposal of Team B after the score.
 - a. This is a correctable error and the ball shall be given to team B for an end line throw-in
 - b. The error will be corrected by awarding the ball to Team B on the end line. The score by A-2 shall be counted
 - c. The error may not be corrected since the throw-in by Team A has ended
 - d. Since the official made the mistake, the official must correct situation by not counting the score and awarding the ball to Team B under the basket
5. While the ball is in the air on a try by B-3 the shot clock horn sounds. The official inadvertently blows the whistle while the ball is in the air and the shot misses the rim. The possession arrow favors Team B. The official awards the ball to Team B and resets the shot clock to 30 seconds. Is the official correct?
6. A-1 on a throw-in from a designated spot, fumbles the ball. She leaves the spot to retrieve the fumbled ball. The official rules this a throw-in violation.
7. A-4 tries for goal. The ball bounces off of the ring and rolls along the top of the backboard before dropping through the basket. The official shall allow the goal.
8. B-1 has the ball for a throw-in on her end line (in her front court). B-1 is allowed to throw the ball into her back court so B-2 can gain control.
9. Team A scores a field goal and Team B requests and is granted a time out. Following the time out, Team B is allowed to make the throw-in from anywhere along the end line.
10. After a goal by Team B, Team A's throw-in is kicked by B-4 along the end line. The official calls a violation on B-4 for kicking the ball and awards the ball to Team A on the end line and permits Team A the privilege of running the end line for the throw-in.
11. B-2 becomes confused and shoots the ball at the wrong basket. B-2 is fouled as she shoots and the ball enters the basket. The official awards 2 points to Team A and shall award Team B the ball out of bounds at the spot nearest the foul.
12. While A-1 has the ball for a throw-in at a designated spot, she takes 5 steps straight back with the ball. The official blows the whistle for a throw-in violation.
13. A-1 has the ball for a throw-in. She releases the ball onto the court. After the release, but before the ball is touched on the court. The official reaches the 5 second count. The official blows the whistle and calls a 5 second violation.

14. B-2 who is attempting to complete a throw-in, loses her balance. To prevent carrying the ball onto the court, she drops it at the designated spot and steps onto the court. She then steps back, retrieves the ball and completes the throw-in within the 5-second count. The official rules this a legal play.
15. After a score by Team B, A-1 passes the ball to A-2 who is also out of bounds. While the ball is in flight, B-2 reaches across the end line and slaps the ball away. The official assesses B-2 a technical foul for unsporting conduct.
16. B-3 attempts to inbound the ball to B-4. Before the ball reaches B-4, A-5 intentionally kicks the ball. During the play one second runs off of the game clock. The official call a violation on A-5, awards the ball back to Team B and instructs the timer to put one second back on the game clock.
17. A-1 is holding the ball about to complete a throw-in and calls a time out. At the completion of the time out, the official hands the ball to B-2 for the throw-in. Once B-2 has the ball, it is too late to correct the mistake.
18. A-1 has possession of the ball out-of-bounds for a throw-in after a made basket by Team B. Prior to the release of the ball on the throw-in, A-2 commits a foul by pushing B-2. Team B is in the bonus.
 - a. Flagrant 1 personal foul on A-2. Two free throws for B-2 and the ball to Team B for a designated spot throw-in nearest to where the foul occurred
 - b. Team-control foul on A-2. No free throws. Team B is awarded the ball for a designated spot throw-in nearest to where the foul occurred
 - c. Dead-ball technical foul on A-2. Two free throws for anyone on Team B. Resume play at the point of interruption
 - d. Common foul on A-2. B-2 is awarded two free throws for the bonus
20. Team A has the ball for a throw-in at mid court. While the pass in is in flight and before the throw-in ends, A-2 and B-2 commit a double personal foul in the lane near Team A's basket. What is the result?
 - a. Play is resumed with a throw-in to Team A on the end line near their basket.
 - b. Play is resumed using the alternating possession procedure with a throw-in at mid-court.
 - c. Play is resumed with a throw-in to Team A at mid court.
 - d. Play is resumed using the alternating possession procedure with a throw-in on the end line near Team A's basket.
 - e. Each team is awarded two free throws and play is resumed using the alternating possession procedure with a throw-in at mid court.
21. B-1 scores and the ball falls from the net onto the floor. A-1 stands out of bounds, near the ball, as it bounces on the floor next to her while she calls a play. The ball is at her feet when A-2 sets an illegal screen on B-2. The official shall:
 - a. Call a team-control foul on A-2
 - b. Call an indirect technical foul on A-2
 - c. Blow the whistle and hand the ball to A-1
 - d. Call a direct technical foul on A-2
22. A timeout may be granted during which of the following:
 - a. An interrupted dribble
 - b. When an airborne player's momentum is carrying the player out of bounds
 - c. After a throw-in starts following a made field goal if called by the throw-in team
 - d. None of the above

Rule 8 – Free Throw

1. A free throw starts when the free thrower releases the ball.
2. Either the head coach or captain may designate which player shall attempt the free throws for a technical foul.
3. Different players may attempt the two free throws for the technical fouls.
4. The team shooting a free throw may not have more than 2 players in a marked lane space.
5. During a dead ball, A6 replaces A-5. Before the ball is put in play, a technical foul is assessed against team B. Which statement is true regarding the free throws awarded as a result of a technical foul?
 - a. They may be attempted by any player of the offended team
 - b. They may be attempted by any eligible substitute of the offended team
 - c. The same player must attempt both free throws
 - d. All of the above
6. A-1 is awarded a two shots. B-1 and B-2 are lined up in the first two lane spaces adjacent to/ above the block. B-3 and B-4 are line up in the next lane spaces. All other team A players are beyond the three-point line. The officials allow this formation.
7. All players not occupying a marked lane space during a free throw must be behind the free throw line extended and outside of the three-point arc.
8. A-1 is on the free throw line. B-1 and B-2 are lined up in the two lane spaces above the blocks. A-2 is in the next lane space next to B-1. B-3 is in the lane space next to B-2 and the next lane space next to B-3 is occupied by B-4.
 - a. This is a legal formation
 - b. B-3 does not have the right to that lane space
 - c. This formation is illegal since we have 3 Team B players on one side of the lane
 - d. A technical foul shall be issued to Team B
9. A-1 is awarded two free throws for a foul that occurs after time expires but while the ball is in flight during a try to end the first half. Both teams are standing in their respective bench areas when A-1 is handed the ball for her first attempt. After the ball is at A-1's disposal, B-1 steps below the free-throw line extended and inside the three-point line while talking to her coach. The officials shall:
 - a. Ignore B-1 and continue administering the free throws.
 - b. Give the delayed-violation signal and if the try is unsuccessful, award a substitute throw
 - c. Get the ball back from A-1, reset the free-throw situation and move B-1 behind the lines
 - d. Assess B-1 a player/substitute technical foul for unsporting behavior
 - e. Assess a delay warning to Team B.
17. Team B is assessed a technical foul prior to the game, and A6 replaces designated starter A-5 to shoot the free throws. A7 then replaces A6 prior to the throw-in. The official shall allow the substitutions with no penalties. Is the official correct?

Rule 9 – Violations and Penalties

- 1. A-1 is in the back court and has dribbled for eight seconds when she passes the ball to A-2 who is also in the back court. 2 seconds later the official calls a 10-second violation.**
- 2. A-1 releases the ball on a try for goal. After the ball leaves A-1's hands, the shot clock horn sounds. The ball hits the backboard (misses the ring and flange) and rebounds directly to B-1. The official calls a shot clock violation.**
- 3. The 10-second count shall begin when a player is in control of the ball in her back court.**
- 4. Stop and reset the shot clock to 30 seconds anytime there is an intentionally kicked ball by the defense.**
- 5. The ball shall become dead immediately on all free throw violations. Is this correct?**
- 6. A-1 attempts a three point field goal. B-3 boxes out A-3, displacing her. The basket is successful.**
 - a. Award Team A with three points and charge B-3 with a foul**
 - b. Award Team A with three points and the foul by B-3 is ignored**
 - c. Award Team A with two points and charge B-3 with a foul**
- 7. A-1 has the ball in her front court. A-2 is in the 3-second lane for 2 seconds, when she receives a pass from A-1. A-2 turns and drives to the basket. Before she starts her try, the official shall blow the whistle for a 3-second violation.**
- 8. A-1's pass strikes B-1's ankle. This is a kick ball violation.**
- 9. B-1 grabs a rebound, then excessively swings her elbows, but does not make contact. The officials allow play to continue.**
- 10. A-1 is in the key area for two seconds when the ball is knocked away from A-2 by B-1 in the front court and becomes loose for three seconds before A-2 regains possession. Since A-1 remained in the key area for the entire time, this is a three-second violation on A-1.**
- 11. Team A has the ball in its backcourt, while A-5 stands in the offensive foul lane for more than three seconds. The official calls a three second violation on A-5.**
- 12. Post player A-5 has been in the lane for 2 seconds and then receives the ball. She dribbles to the basket and passes to A-1 who shoots and scores. The official shall rule this a legal play.**
- 13. On the last free throw by A-1, B-1 commits a lane violation. A-1's free throw misses the rim and flange. This is a double violation, and possession will be determined by the A/P arrow.**
- 14. A-1's pass in her front court is deflected by B-1. The ball rolls into the back court where A-3 picks it up. This is not a backcourt violation.**
- 15. A-1 is shooting the first of two throws. Before the ball is released, A-2 (who is in a marked lane space) steps into the lane followed by B-2, who is also in a marked lane space. This is a double violation.**
- 16. Before a free throw by A-1 is in flight, A-3 steps into the free throw lane, and A-2 pushes B-2. The ball becomes dead when A-3 violates the free throw lane provisions; therefore, the pushing of B-2 by A-2 shall be ignored unless it is a flagrant technical foul for unsportsmanlike conduct.**
- 17. Prior to A-1 releasing the ball on a free throw, B-2 steps into the lane followed by A-3. The official shall rule this a double violation.**
- 18. A-4 has been in the lane for 2 seconds when A-3 passes her the ball. A-4 muffs the ball and it rolls around in the lane for an additional 2 seconds before A-4 secures possession. The official calls a three second violation on A-4.**

19. A-1 is holding the ball in the back court. B-1 is closely guarding A-1, within 6 feet for 5 seconds. Since the ball is not in the front court, this is not a violation.
20. It is a throw-in violation when:
- The thrower-in hands the ball to an inbounds teammate.
 - The thrown ball passes over the backboard.
 - The thrown ball lodges between the backboard and the ring.
 - The thrower-in touches the ball in the playing court before it touches another player.
 - All of the above.
21. On a free throw by A1, B1 who is in a marked lane space, steps into the lane. A1 makes her free throw, B1's violation should be disregarded.
22. A1 is dribbling in her team's backcourt with the trail official's count at nine seconds. Team A is granted a time out. After the time out, Team A will have one second to get the ball into the frontcourt.
23. During a jump ball, jumper A-1 touches the ball simultaneously with both hands and then again taps the ball to teammate A-2 who dribbles in and scores. The official shall rule this a legal play.
24. A-1 blocks a pass near the end line. The ball falls to the floor inbounds but A-1 who is off balance, falls outside the end line. A-1 returns to the playing court, secures the ball and begins a dribble.
- This is a violation since A-1 was the 1st to touch the ball after going out of bounds
 - This is a violation for a double dribble
 - This is a Player Technical Foul, since she was the 1st to touch the ball after being out of bounds
 - This is a legal play
25. A5 receives a throw in with both feet in the air. She lands with one foot in the frontcourt, and then steps in the backcourt with her other foot. The official shall rule this a throw-in violation.
26. On a throw-in, A-1 catches the ball with one foot on the floor in the front court, and then places her other foot on the floor in the backcourt. The official rules this no violation because it was following a throw-in.
27. A1 is holding the ball in her frontcourt above the three-point arc, when her team mate is called for a three second violation. The official shall award Team B a throw in at the sideline closest to where A1 was holding the ball.

Rule 10 – Fouls and Penalties

1. While dribbling, A-1 requests and is granted a timeout. After the ball is at A-1's disposal for the throw-in following the timeout, the scorer recognizes that Team A's timeout was an excessive timeout. It is too late to assess a penalty.
2. Team A has the ball for a throw-in anywhere along the end line. Team B had not been issued a warning for delay for reaching through the boundary when B-1 makes contact with the ball while it is in the hands of the thrower-in. This is a technical foul on B-1
3. A-3 commits her 5th personal foul. The coach for Team A has 20 seconds to replace her.
4. A-3 and B-3 commit double personal fouls against each other. Since A-3's foul was deemed flagrant, the official ejects A-3 and awards B-3 two free throws and awards Team B possession of the ball at the spot nearest to where the foul was committed.
5. The head coach of team A is standing within the coaches' box coaching her team. Likewise, 2 assistant coaches are standing and coaching while the ball is live. The official shall assess a technical foul to the head coach only.
6. Illegal activity on the ball handler/dribbler is when:
 - a. A defender places a hand on the ball handler/dribbler and keeps it on
 - b. The defender contacts the ball handler/dribbler with an arm bar
 - c. The defender contacts the ball handler/dribbler with one hand and immediately removes that hand and puts the other hand in contact.
 - d. All of the above
7. With A=2 holding a live ball, A-1 sets an illegal screen on B-2 and is called for a foul. Team B is in the bonus. The official awards bonus free throws to B-2.
8. Which of these combinations result in the disqualification or ejection of a player:
 - a. Four personal fouls and a player technical foul.
 - b. Four personal fouls and an administrative technical foul
 - c. A flagrant 1 foul
 - d. All of the above
9. A direct technical foul on Team A's assistant coach shall:
 - a. Restrict the coaching box privileges for the head coach
 - b. Count as a team foul toward reaching the bonus
 - c. Not count as a team foul toward reaching the bonus
10. When an offensive post player, without the ball, is in the lane area with her back to the basket, a post defender may only place one forearm or one hand with a bend in the elbow on the offensive player.
11. During the 1st half, substitutes A-7 and A-8 receive technical fouls for making profane comments to Team B's players. At the start of the 4th quarter, the assistant coach from Team A receives a technical foul for questioning an official's call. The official administers the fouls and ejects the Head Coach of Team A.
12. A-21 commits her 5th personal foul. After 30 seconds the coach of Team A replaces A-21. The official charges Team A with a time out.
13. All technical fouls on bench personnel, team attendants or followers are assessed to the offender and are also charged to the head coach.
14. A double personal foul occurs in the lane while A-1's unsuccessful try is in flight. The try does not hit the rim. The official awards the ball to the team entitled to the alternating-possession arrow with a reset of the shot clock.
15. As A-1 dribbles to the basket, A-2 and B-3 are called for a double flagrant foul. The official ejects both players, no free throws are awarded, and play is resumed via the alternating possession arrow.

16. B-2 has fouled out of the game. B-2's replacement does not check in with the scorer prior to the warning horn. This is an administrative Technical Foul and does not count toward a specific individual, but does count toward the bonus.
17. With 2 minutes left in the first quarter, A-5 commits a personal foul. The scorer notifies the official that A-5 is not in the book. There has not been a lineup problem with the book to this point. Since the game has started the official tells the scorer to add A-5 to the book and play continues with A-5's foul.
18. An administrative technical foul shall be issued for:
 - a. Adding a name to the squad list in the first quarter of play
 - b. Consuming a full minute by not being ready when it is time to start the third quarter
 - c. Calling an excessive timeout
 - d. All of the above
19. Score of the game is Team A 65 and Team B 45. As the horn sounds to end the game, B-1 is fouled by A-2 in the act of shooting. The try was unsuccessful. B-1 will get 2 free throws with no one lined up in the lane.
20. While A-1 is dribbling the ball, A-2 intentionally fouls B-1. The official rules this a team control foul and awards Team B the ball for a throw-in at the spot closest to where the foul occurred. Is the official correct?
21. When an administrative technical foul is called, which of the following is true:
 - a. Counts towards the total team fouls
 - b. Counts for one of the two technical fouls for ejection of the head coach
 - c. Two free throws shall be awarded and the ball will be taken out at the POI.
 - d. All of the above
22. A1 is intentionally fouled in the act of shooting beyond the three-point arc. She will always receive three free throws, and her team will receive the ball for a throw in after the third free throw attempt.
23. The coach of Team A adds a player to her roster 8 minutes prior to tip-off. The coach of Team B then adds a player 4 minutes prior to tip-off. The officials rule that these violations offset. No free throws are awarded and the game starts with a jump ball.
24. On any throw-in, A-1 catches the ball with one foot in the frontcourt and the second in the backcourt. Is this a backcourt violation?
25. When establishing a legal guarding position on a player without the ball, time and distance are required to attain an initial legal guarding position.
26. A-1's throw-in is in flight. Before either team touches the inbound pass, A-2 fouls B-1. Team B is in the bonus. Should B-1 be awarded free throws?
27. After a goal by Team B, Team A is awarded the ball for a throw-in along the end line. Before the throw-in ends, A-2 fouls B-2 at mid court. Should Team B be awarded a designated spot throw-in nearest to where the team-control foul occurred?
28. Team B scores and A-1 has the ball for a throw-in from along the end line. B-1 steps across the boundary line but does not make contact with the ball or the throw-in. Shall the official wait until B-1 contacts the ball before issuing a warning?
29. A1 has the ball for a throw-in. As she throws the ball to A-2, B-1 deflects the pass. As A-2 and B-1 are attempting to secure the loose ball, A-2 pushes B-1 and is called for a foul. Since Team B is in the bonus, the official awards B-1 her bonus free throws. Is the official correct?
30. A-1 is in the air after releasing the ball on a try for goal. Prior to returning to the court with either foot, she commits a Flagrant 1 foul against B-1 who is guarding her. The official rules this foul a player control foul since A-1 was an airborne shooter.

- 31. B-1 has established a legal guarding position on A-1 along the end line. As A-1 attempts to drive the end line, B-1 moves laterally to maintain her guarding position. B-1's left foot is on the end line and A-1 contacts her with A-1's shoulder into B-1's chest. Official rules a blocking foul on B-1. Is the official correct?**
- 32. B-2 has obtained legal guarding position on A-1. B-2 is moving laterally when A-1 makes contact with her torso. The official calls a blocking foul on B-2.**
- 33. As the official bounces the ball to A-1 for a throw-in and prior to A-1 catching the ball, B-2 fouls A-2. Official rules this a technical foul and awards 2 free throws and possession of the ball at the division line to Team A. Is the official correct?**
- 34. While A-2 is dribbling, B-5 jumps in front of her. B-5 gets both feet down on the floor and is facing A-2. B-5 does not give A-2 time to stop or change directions. A-2 contacts B-5 on the front of her torso. The official shall call a blocking foul on B-5.**
- 35. B-1 takes a spot on the playing court before A-1 jumps to catch a pass. A-1 catches the pass, returns to the playing court and lands on B-1. This is a foul on B-1. If team A is in the bonus, A-1 will shoot a two shot bonus bonus.**
- 36. B-1 is standing directly under the backboard before A-1 jumps for a layup. The forward momentum of airborne shooter A-1 causes her to displace B-1. This is considered incidental contact.**
- 37. After A-1's successful goal falls through the net, but prior to team B retrieving the ball for the throw-in, A-2 intentionally bats the ball away from Team B. This is the first time such an action has occurred. Is this a technical foul or a delay of game warning?**
- 38. Team A has been warned for not being ready to resume play after the final horn for a time-out in the 1st quarter. In the 4th quarter Team A is again not ready to play after a time-out. The officials shall charge Team A with an administrative technical foul.**

Mechanics Manual

1. **A-1 has the ball in the frontcourt, in the semi-circle above the free throw line, when she is fouled. Team A is not in the bonus. From what spot should the ensuing throw-in be administered?**
 - a. **On the sideline nearer to where the foul occurred**
 - b. **On either sideline, depending on which would be more convenient for the officials and require the least amount of “switching”**
 - c. **On the end line, the position on the end line determined by where the foul occurred**
 - d. **On the end line, the position on the end line determined by which would be more convenient for the officials and require the least amount of “switching”**
2. **On the first attempt of a two shot situation, A-1 is shooting and B-1 and B-2 are occupying the two bottom lane spaces above the block. In the next available lane space, A-2 occupies the space nearest B-2 and B-3 occupies the space nearest B-1. A-1’s free throw is unsuccessful. Is this a legal situation?**
3. **During the second attempt of two shots, A-1’s try hits the ring, bounces straight up, and while descending becomes lodged between the ring and the backboard. B-1, who is in a marked lane space, enters the lane on A-1’s release. The officials shall:**
 - a. **Call a violation on A-1 and award the ball to Team B nearest to where the violation occurred**
 - b. **Award A-1 a substitute throw**
 - c. **Resume play using the alternating-possession procedure**
 - d. **Call a violation on B-1 and award the ball to Team A nearest to where Team B’s violation occurred**
 - e. **None of the above**
4. **When the ball is on the trail’s side of the court, below the free throw line extended;**
 - a. **The Lead shall go ball side, (in the paint or as far as the free throw lane extended), to get the best angle**
 - b. **The Lead shall not move from her/his side of the court**
 - c. **The Lead shall move ball side and follow the ball**
 - d. **a and c**
5. **On a double whistle for a foul, the officials will get together and decide who had the better view of the play.**
6. **The only time it is permissible for the Lead to hand or bounce the ball to the thrower-in on the end line and then back across the lane is when administering the ball after a foul has been called and the calling official has become the Trail official and is staying tableside. Is this correct?**
7. **The official who calls a technical foul shall administer the free throws.**
8. **Disqualified player procedure will be to inform:**
 - a. **1st coach, 2nd player, 3rd partner**
 - b. **1st partner, 2nd player, 3rd coach**
 - c. **1st partner, 2nd coach, 3rd player**
 - d. **1st player, 2nd partner, 3rd coach**
9. **Which is an overtime procedure:**
 - a. **There will be a 3-minute intermission before starting the overtime period**
 - b. **Each team will be entitled to 1 additional 30-second time out**
 - c. **The length of the overtime period shall be 5 minutes**
 - d. **The teams will change baskets**
10. **The Lead shall always blow the whistle before he/she administers a throw-in.**
11. **During one on one pressing situations, the Trail has primary responsibility for all 3 lines in the backcourt.**
12. **On a three-point attempt from the Trail's area that is successful, the Lead will mirror the Trail's successful field goal signal.**
13. **A-5 has committed her 5th foul and is directed to leave the game. After 15 seconds has elapsed and prior to A-5 being replaced, Team A requests a time out. The official grants the request.**

14. The stop clock signal shall not be given prior to the direction signal for an out of bounds violation.
15. Following a foul in the front court, the calling official will switch places with the non-calling official.
16. An official calls a foul on #25.
 - a. She/he will use two hands to give the number of the player who fouled to the scorer
 - b. The official will verbalize the number, “ two – five “ to the scorer
 - c. When the foul is called in the back court, the official will always remain tableside
 - d. All of the above
17. When calling a foul, the official shall:
 - a. Identify fouler (color and number), if it is a shooting foul, signal the number of shots with your free hand
 - b. If the foul is in the act of shooting and the ball goes in the basket, give the good basket signal immediately
 - c. If it is not a shooting foul, designate the throw-in spot
 - d. All of the above
18. Following a foul in the front court, the calling official shall always be the Trail official.
19. At the end of the 2nd quarter, all officials shall wait until both teams start to leave the court before going to the table. One of their duties is to make sure that the possession arrow is changed to the other direction.
20. What is the correct procedure to follow when one official calls a blocking foul, and one official calls an offensive (player control) foul on the same play?
21. The proper sequence for signaling a team-control foul begins with a punch signal in the direction the ball will be awarded.
22. A visible count (arm flick motion) will be given from the shoulder to the head level, away from the body when:
 - a. A five second count on a throw-in.
 - b. A 3 second count for a player in the lane.
 - c. A 10 second count for a free throw
 - d. All of the above.
23. The official who calls a foul:
 - a. Should clear the players
 - b. May walk through players if space/situation permits
 - c. May keep walking while signaling to the scorer for a foul in which the official will remain tableside
 - d. All of the above
24. During a 30-second timeout:
 - a. Both officials should stand at mid-court
 - b. One official will be at mid-court and the other will have the ball and be standing where the ball will be taken out.
 - c. Each official will be standing at the top of the key
 - d. Each official will be standing on the blocks.
25. The Trail Official will mirror the Lead Official’s preliminary indication and successful indication for a three point shot taken from below the free throw line extended on the Lead’s side of the court.
26. Officials should meet with the captains approximately 14:30 prior to tip-off, and with the coaches approximately 1:30 prior to tip off.
27. On a drive to the basket in a “pass / crash” situation, the lead official is responsible for the ‘crash’, while the Trail official will follow the ball
28. The Lead Official will administer ALL throw-ins below the free throw line extended in the frontcourt.